

Year 2 Overview – Autumn Term

Autu	Autumn 1		
Wk	Review	Mastery focus	
1	Common exception words (Y1)	 Common exception words 	
2	• Words ending -y (/i:/ or /ɪ/)	• The /aɪ/ sound spelt -y at the end of words	
3	• Adding <i>s</i> and <i>es</i> to words (plural of nouns and the third person singular verbs)	• Adding -es to nouns and verbs ending in -y	
4	 Adding the endings -ing -ed to verbs where no change is needed to the root word 	 Adding -ing -ed to words of one syllable ending in a single consonant letter after a single vowel letter 	
5	• Adding - <i>ing -ed</i> to words of one syllable ending in a single consonant letter after a single vowel letter	 Adding -ing -ed to words ending in e with a consonant before it 	
6	• Adding - <i>ing</i> , - <i>ed</i> , to words ending in <i>e</i>	 Adding -ing -ed to a root word ending in y with a consonant before it 	

Autu	Autumn 2		
Wk	Review	Mastery focus	
1	Previously taught common exception words	Common exception words	
2	 Adding the endings -er and -est to words of one syllable ending where no change is needed to the root word 	• Adding -er, -est, -y to words of one syllable ending in a single consonant letter after a single vowel letter	
3	• Adding -er, -est, -y to words of one syllable ending in a single consonant letter after a single vowel letter	 Adding -er, -est and -y to words ending in e with a consonant before it 	
4	• Adding - <i>ing</i> , - <i>ed</i> , - <i>er</i> , - <i>est</i> to words ending in <i>e</i>	• Adding -er, -est to a root word ending in y	
5	 Revision: the process of segmenting spoken words into sounds before choosing the graphemes to represent them 	 The /i:/ sound spelt -ey The /n/ sound spelt o 	
6	 Previously taught vowel digraphs/trigraphs (including alternative spellings of the same phoneme) 	Homophones and near-homophones	



Year 2 Overview – Spring Term

Sprii	Spring 1		
Wk	Review	Mastery focus	
1	Previously taught common exception words	Common exception words	
2	Compound words	Contractions	
3	Adding the prefix -un	Contractions	
4	 Adding the endings -ing, -ed, -er and -est to words of one syllable ending where no change is needed to the root word 	• The suffix -ly	
5	 Revision: the process of segmenting spoken words into sounds before choosing the graphemes to represent them 	• The suffix -ful	
6	Division of words into syllables	Words ending in -tion	

Spri	Spring 2		
Wk	Review	Mastery focus	
1	Previously taught common exception words	Common exception words	
2	Words with adjacent consonants	 The sound /l/ or /əl/ sound spelt -el and -le at the end of words 	
3	• The sound /l/ or /əl/ sound spelt - <i>el</i> and - <i>le</i> at the end of words	• The sound /l/ or /əl/ sound spelt - <i>al</i> and - <i>il</i> at the end of words	
4	• The sound /l/ or /əl/ sound spelt - <i>al</i> and - <i>il</i> at the end of words	• The /ɔ:/ sound spelt <i>a</i> before <i>I</i> and <i>II</i>	
5	 Previously taught vowel digraphs (including alternative spellings of the same phoneme) 	 The /ɔ:/ sound spelt <i>ar</i> after <i>w</i> The /3:/ sound spelt <i>or</i> after <i>w</i> The /b/ sound spelt <i>a</i> after <i>w</i> and <i>qu</i> 	
6	Previously taught homophones	Homophones and near-homophones	



Year 2 Overview – Summer Term

Sum	Summer 1		
Wk	Review	Mastery focus	
1	Previously taught common exception words	Common exception words	
2	Contractions	Possessive apostrophe (singular nouns)	
3	• Adding the endings - <i>ing</i> , - <i>ed</i> , - <i>er</i> and - <i>est</i> to words of one syllable ending where no change is needed to the root word	• The suffixes -ment, -ness	
4	• The suffixes -ly, ful	• The suffixes <i>-less</i>	
5	 The /v/ sound at the end of words The /ŋ/ sound spelt n before k -tch 	• The /ʒ/ sound spelt <i>s</i>	
6	Split digraphs	• The /s/ sound spelt c before e, i and y	

Sum	Summer 2		
Wk	Review	Mastery focus	
1	Previously taught common exception words	Common exception words	
2	 Previously taught digraphs/trigraphs (including alternative spellings of the same phoneme) 	• The /dʒ/ sound spelt as -ge and -dge and at the end of words and sometimes spelt as g elsewhere in words before -e, -i, -y	
3	 Previously taught digraphs/trigraphs (including alternative spellings of the same phoneme) 	• The /dʒ/ sound spelt as -ge and -dge at the end of words and sometimes spelt as g elsewhere in words before -e, -i, -y	
4	Previously taught consonant digraphs	• The /n/ sound spelt kn and (less often) gn at the beginning of words	
5	Split digraphs	 The /r/ sound spelt wr at the beginning of words 	
6	Previously taught homophones	Homophones and near-homophones	